



African Research And Innovative Initiative For Sickle Cell Education

# Newborn screening in SCD: a review of current approaches across continents

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### SCD geographic distribution

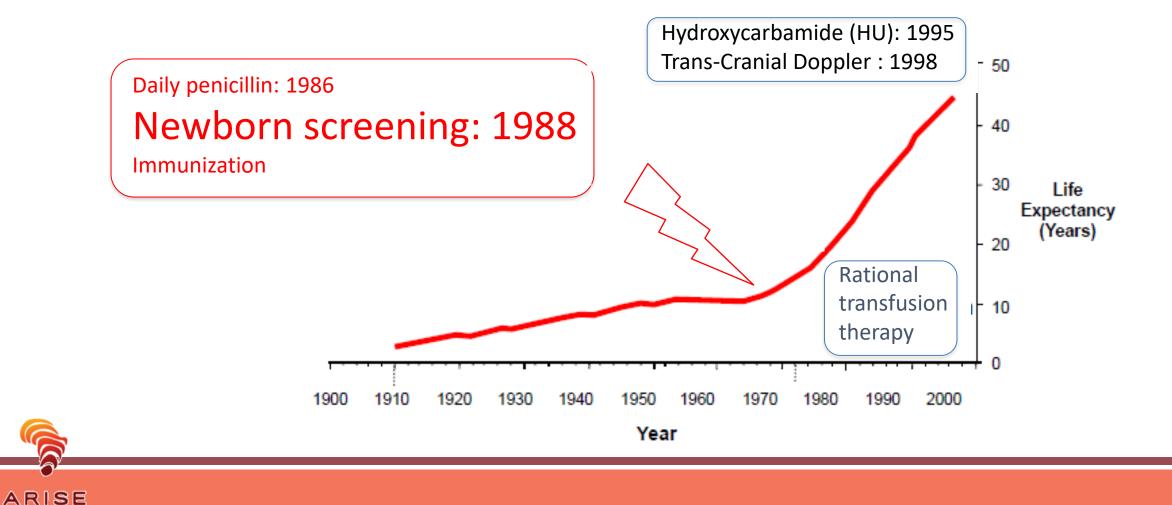


Healthy carriers  $\approx 5\%$  of the world population 300.000 newborns/year (80% in low income countries)



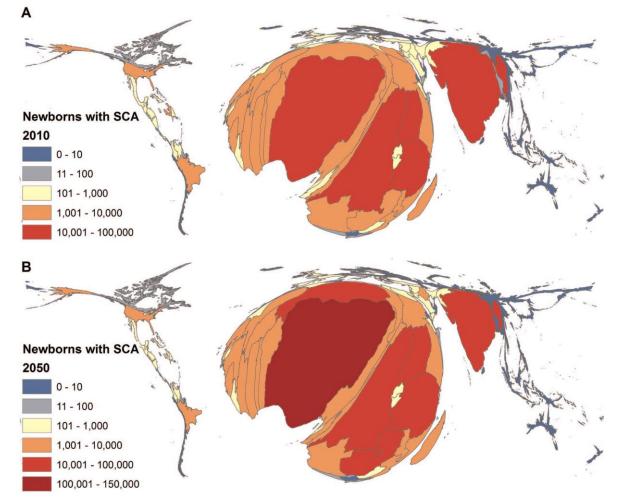
### Newborn Screening and early care

### ... have dramatically changed life expectancy



### Geographic disparity of the distribution of newborns affected with SCD

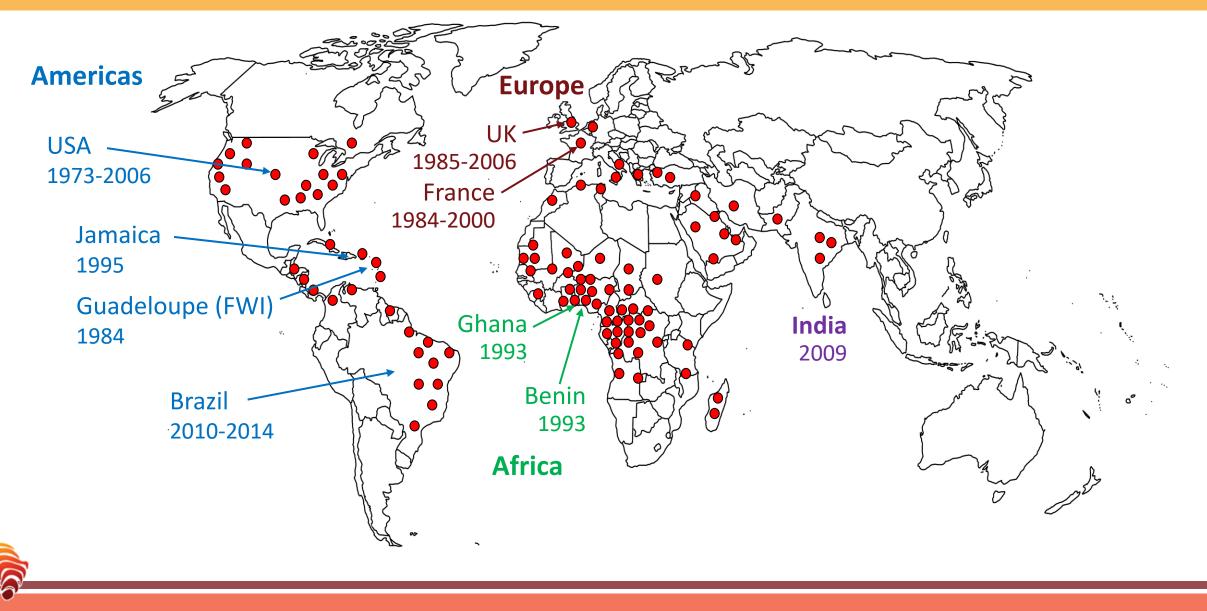
#### estimated evolution 2010-2050



Courtesy of Fred Piel



## Chronology of pilot NBS projects



# The Caribbean



CAribbean network of REsearchers on Sickle cell disease a Sickle cell disease and Thalassemia. 2006 - present https://carest-network.org

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## The Caribbean: the case of Cuba

#### Sickle Cell Anemia in Cuba: Prevention and Management, 1982–2018

Beatriz Marcheco-Teruel MD PhD

MEDICC Review, October 2019, Vol 21, No 4

Cuba is the only country is the world using antenatal diagnosis for SCD screening

Population: 11,000,000 A/S carrier frequency: 1/33 Incidence early 80's: 1/6000

1982-2018 4,847,239 pregnant women tested
8,180 at-risk couples identifed, 79.2% agreed to an antenatal study
20.1% of the tested fetuses had the SS genotype
76.2% of the couples decided to interrupt the pregnancy

Results3-fold reduction in prevalence of SCD in Cuba10-fold reduction of the incidence of infants born with SCD yearly16-year average increase in life expectancy of patients

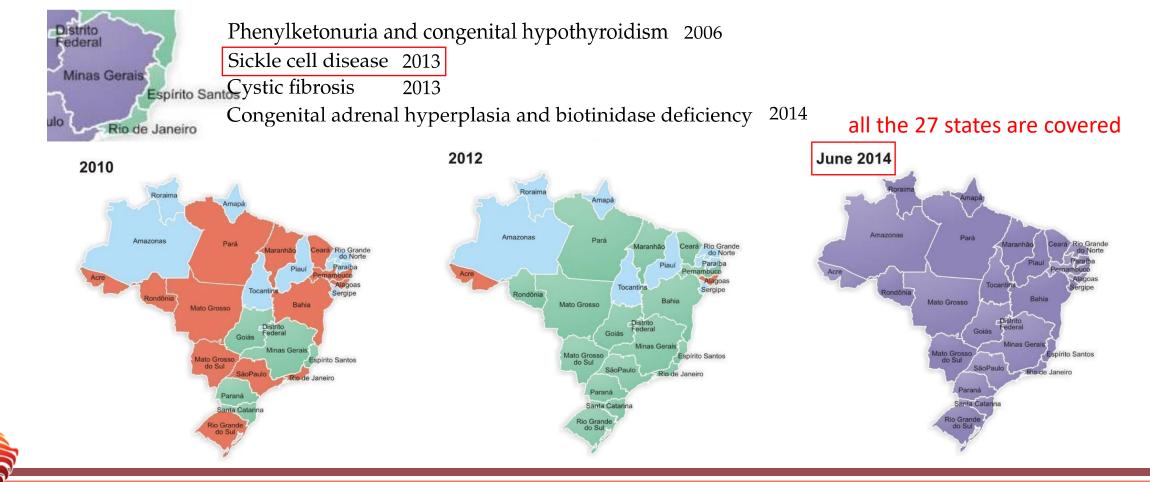




# Brazil: nine years to cover the whole country with an exhaustive NBS program

#### Population: 211 M

#### National NBS Program



### SCD NBS in Brazil



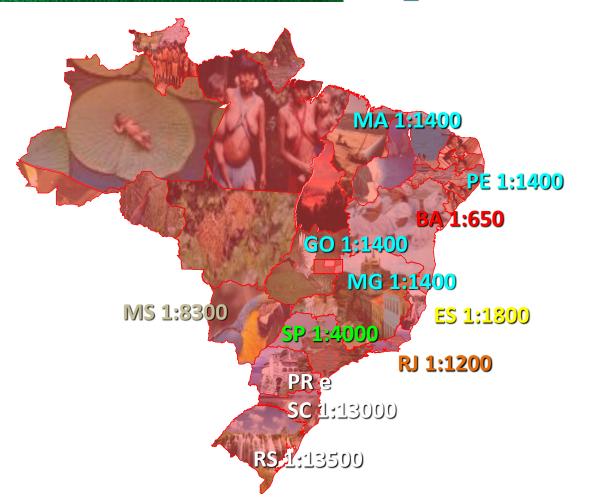
SUS

Birth rate: - 3,1 million / 2018

Screening coverage: 83%

Newborns with SCD - 2,500 - 3000

Mean incidence 1: 1000

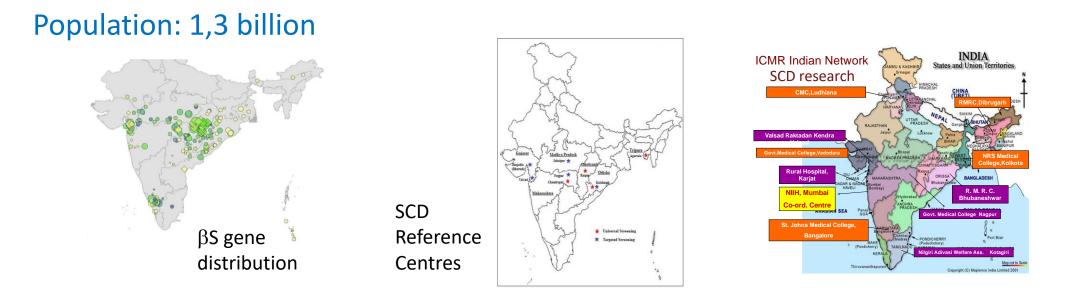




Saúde

Ministério da Saúde

# India



SCA is prevalent in West Central (Gujarat, Maharashtra) and East Central India (Chhattisgarh, Odisha) with a smaller focus in the southern region (Kerala)

among tribal populations who are considered to be the original inhabitants, scheduled castes and other backward classes (non-tribal populations)

patients often reside in remote rural regions away from the mainstream

carrier frequencies may range from 1 to 35% in these groups

the β thalassemia gene is frequent (icentral India 40% of the SCD patients have sickle-β thalassemia



# Europe



### 50 countries Population 750 million

USA pop. 320 million

India pop. 1.3 billion





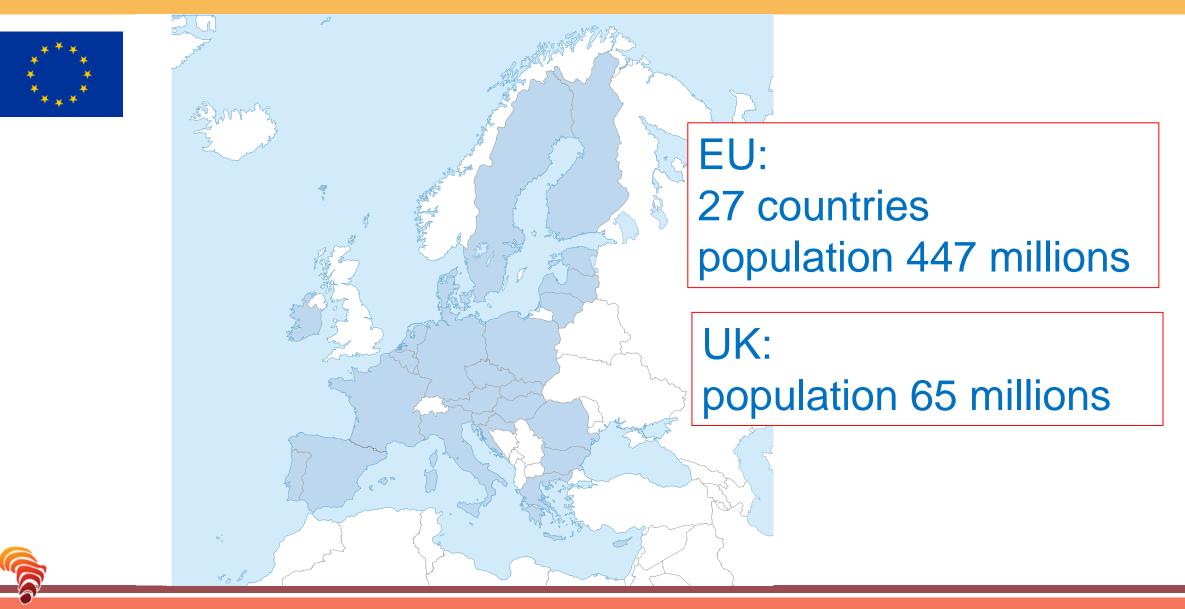
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Africa

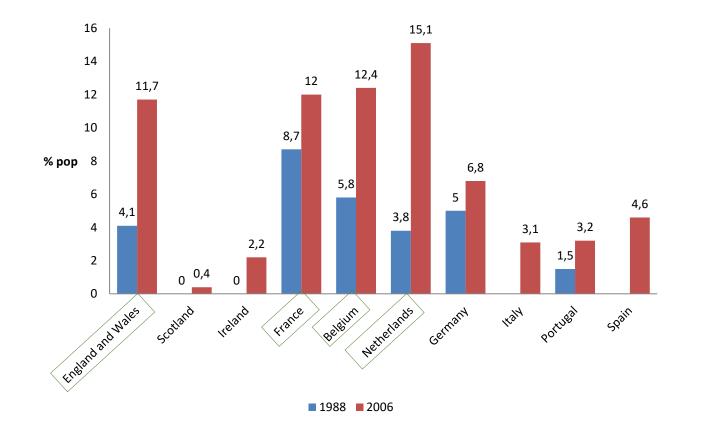
50 countries

population 1.2 billion

## European Union / UK



### Europe: Trends in populations at-risk for SCD

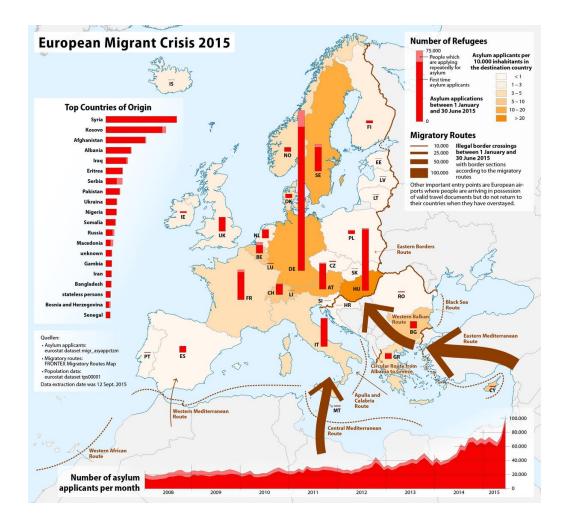


Adapted from Modell et al, Scan J Clin Lab Invest 2007; 67: 39-70

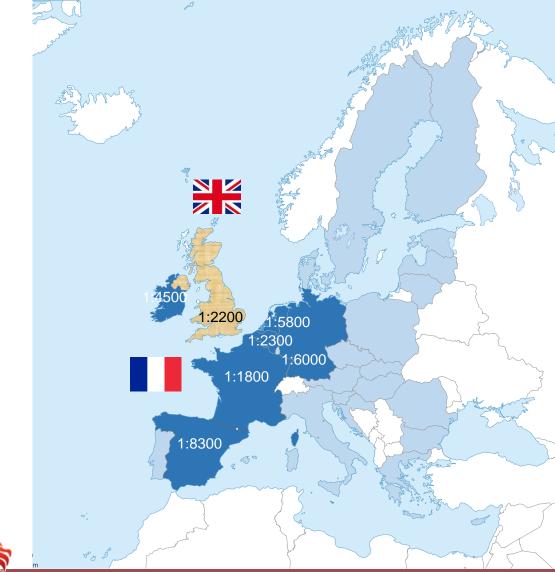


### Europe: Contemporary migrant crisis

- dramatic change of migration patterns from the Middle East and Africa
- between 2010 and 2017, nearly 1 million asylum claims from sub-Saharan Africa



## **SCD NBS in Europe**



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History of NBS for SCD in Europe goes back almost 40 years, still the situation is highly heterogenous from one country to another

France and the UK were the first to introduce SCD screening in the 1980's and to extend its coverage to their entire national territories in the 2000's

The Netherlands, Spain, Malta and Germany also now have national programs

Belgium screens in the regions of Brussels and Liège, Ireland has been running a pilot for many years

Italy has completed several pilot studies but is still in the preparatory phase of national NBS programs for SCD

### Reference



### Special Issue "Newborn Screening for Sickle Cell Disease and other Haemoglobinopathies"

Stephan Lobitz, Jacques Elion, Raffaella Colombatti and Elena Cela, Eds.

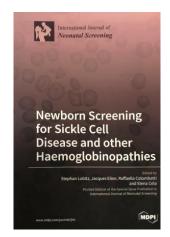
https://www.mdpi.com/journal/IJNS/special\_issues/hemoglobinopathies OPEN ACCESS

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Pages: 162 Published: October 2019

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